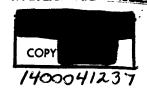
TOP SECRET



June 26, 1959

Dear

Will you please see that this gets routed to Mr. B., the Ops people and anyone you think would be interested. This report contains the information which we had available at launch plus eight hours.

Very truly yours,

Declassified and Released by the N R C

In Accordance with E. O. 12958

on NOV 26 1997



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TOP SECRET

MISSILE SYSTEMS DIVISION

INTERDEPARTMENTAL COMMUNICATION

Lt. Col. C. G. Mathison

DATE 25 June 1959



with 61-30



COPY

PRELIMINARY FLIGHT INFORMATION LETTER - DISCOVERER IV SUBJECT:

The second launch countdown for Discoverer IV on Pad 5 at Vandenberg Air Force Base was successfully conducted on 25 June 1959, commencing at OLAS PDT and culminating in launch at 1517:15. Technical difficulties associated with 1st stage destruct package installation, 2nd stage beacon verification checks, and 2nd stage propellant tanking caused countdown delays totaling approximately 4 1/2 hours.

The lift-off was without incident. Initial report indicates a small pad fire occurred, resulting in only a minimum pad damage. (This was the first launch from Pad 5). Main engine cutoff was at 158.5 seconds after launch. However, a lower-than-nominal trajectory was recorded by the Mod II radar. Also a departure azimuth approximately 4 degrees west of the 1750 nominal value was indicated by preliminary radar tracking information.

The lower trajectory required an earlier-than-nominal 2nd stage engine ignition, and as a result the "time-to-fire" computer commanded beacon command 5 at 215 seconds rather than the programmed command 5 (D-timer hold). This command 6 thus cancelled the backup 20-second D-timer hold as programmed by the Fairchild timer, allowing the earliest possible engine ignition. Command o (velocity increment to be gained setting) was satisfactorily received and was held for 13.5 seconds. This duration programmed a velocity to be gained of 13,090 ft/sec.

A second stage engine burning time of approximately 116 seconds. 1 second greater than the pre-launch nominal, was recorded. The ascent trajectory as based upon preliminary radar data, was as shown in Figures 1 through 3. Preflight nominal trajectory data are compared with preliminary flight data in Table 1.

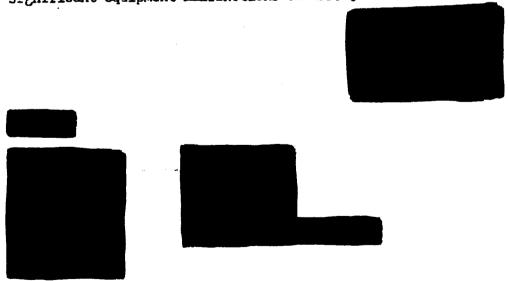
Launch tracking operations were generally satisfactory. Telemetry data were obtained at Pt. Mugu, Van Muys and the telemetry ship stations to a limit of 573 seconds from launch. However, the received signals were reportedly somewhat noisy at all stations. Mevertheless, it is believed that sufficient data will be available for a complete analysis of vehicle functions. Apparently very good radar track was maintained until 385 seconds after launch, or 28 seconds beyond stage burnout, with a degradation of data occurring to the loss of track at 127 seconds after launch. Preliminary trajectory based on the Pt. Mugu radar track was utilized by the Palo Alto Computer Center for estimating orbital elements as shown in Table 2. These data are exceptionally smooth, however, final determination of accuracy will depend upon a comparison with the FPS-16 radar and metric optios data from the Pacific Missile Range (data not yet available).

The results of the computer predictions show that the ability to achieve orbit was extremely marginal. A study indicated that a reduction in velocity of only -30 ft/sec from that shown in Table 2 (25,605 ft/sec) would be sufficient to make the difference between orbital achievement or failure.

Crbital tracking operations were conducted in the prescribed manner for passes 1 and 2. No acquisition was achieved by any of the stations. Due to this failure to acquire and the marginal nature of the computed orbital elements, it is believed that orbit was not achieved. However, attempts to track passes 8 and 9 will be made by the stations and Atlantic Missile Renge stations.

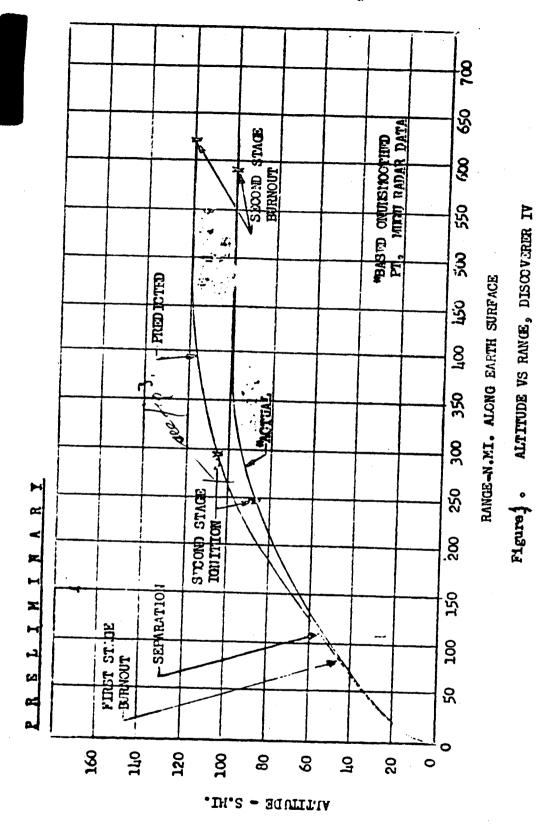
Satisfactory inter-stations communications were maintained throughout the operation except for the tracking station to Pt. Mugu hot-line which went out of service 2 minutes before launch. This did not handicap the operation.

Telemetry data necessary to verify functional operation of airborne equipments is expected to become available in usable form within the next 12 hours. The limited trajectory information now available, however, indicates that no significant equipment malfunctions occurred.



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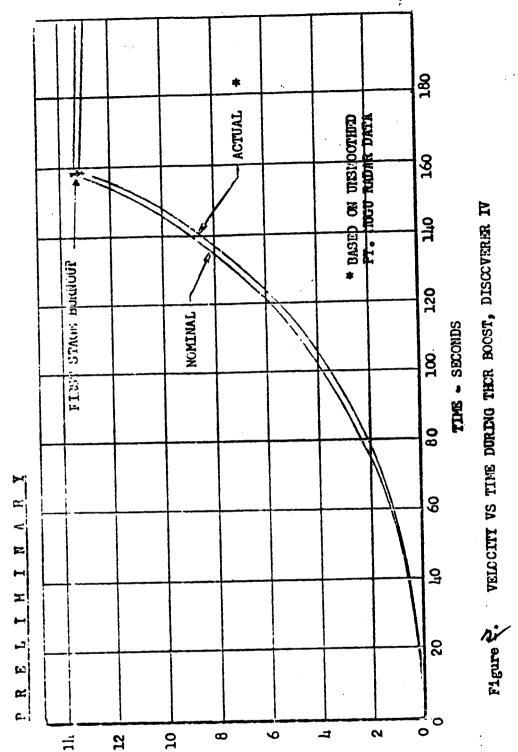




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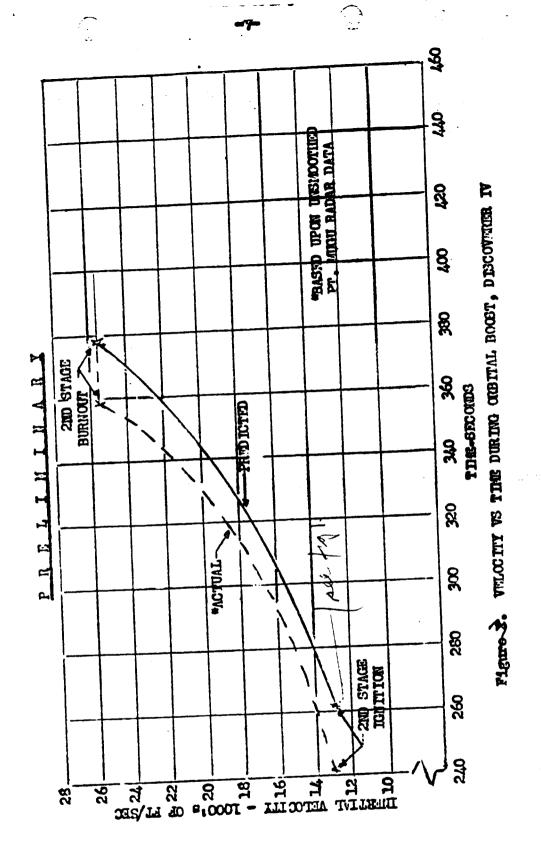
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	PRED.	ACTUAL	PRED.	ACTUAL.	PRED.	ACTUAL *	PRED.	ACTUAL *
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BURNCUT				}	,			
DISCVERAR	263	24.1	í 105 :	87	296	6772	13.033	12,850
IGHITION				•				·
DISCOVERTR	378	357	118	102	625	587	25,691	25,605
EURNOUT			,	. 				

* BASID UPCN UNEMCOTHED P.L. MUGU RADAR DATA

TABLE 1. TRITICAL PRAJECTORY PARAMETRIES, DISCOVERER IV

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THE MEANING OF THE MEANING DESTRUCT OF THE UNITED STATES WITHER THE MEANING OF THE CONTROL IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED

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		WIND TOW
DISERTION VLLOCITY (FT/SEC)	25691 (INGREIAL)	25605 (INERTIAL)
INSERTE: ANOLE (DEG)	0	0.20
INCLINATION ANGLE (DEG)	83.6	86,3
PERIGEE (S.111.)	120	86
APOGEE (S.MI.)	202	110
DC JETTRICITY	.00	• 003
PERIOD (HIN)	89,66	87.6
LIFETIME (DAYS)	h•≶**	1/2 ***

Table 2 DISCOVERER IV ESTIMATED INITIAL ORBITAL ELEMENTS